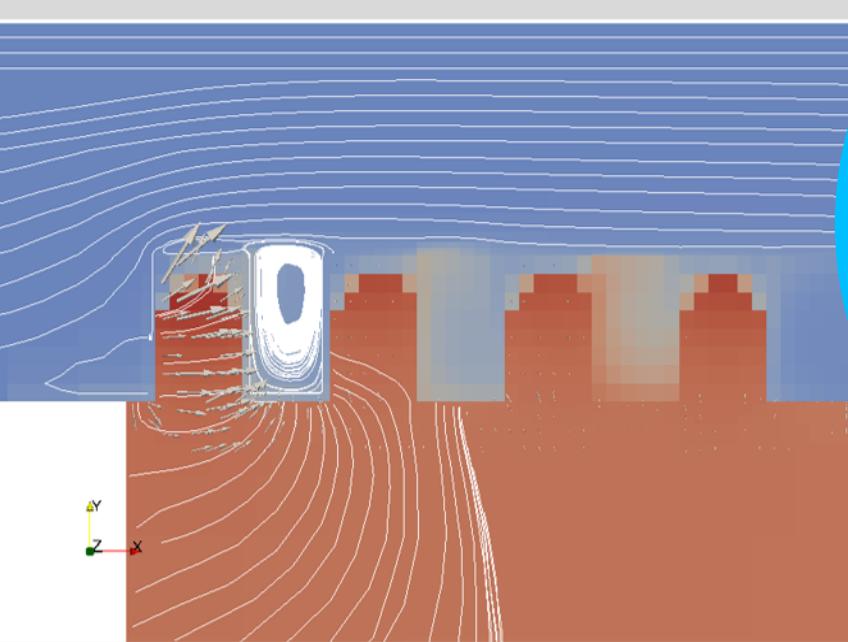


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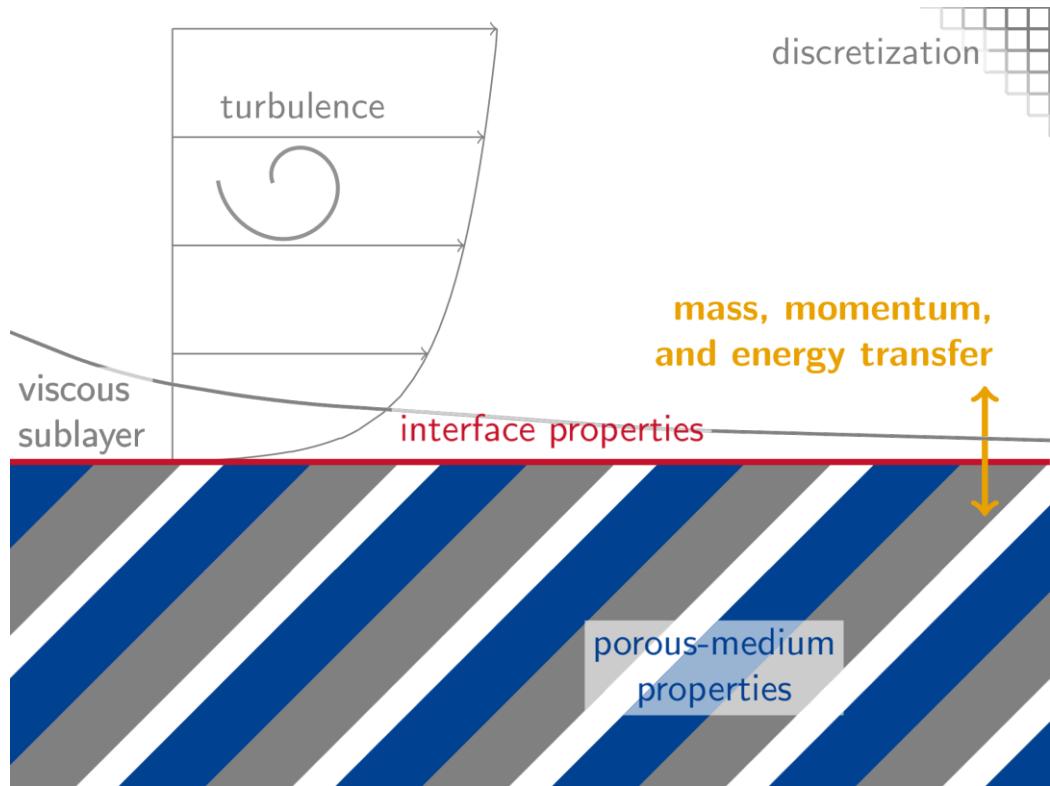


Influence of Turbulence and Interface Properties on Porous-Medium / Free Flow Exchange Processes

T. Fetzer, K. M. Smits, C. Grüninger,
B. Flemisch, R. Helmig

Introduction

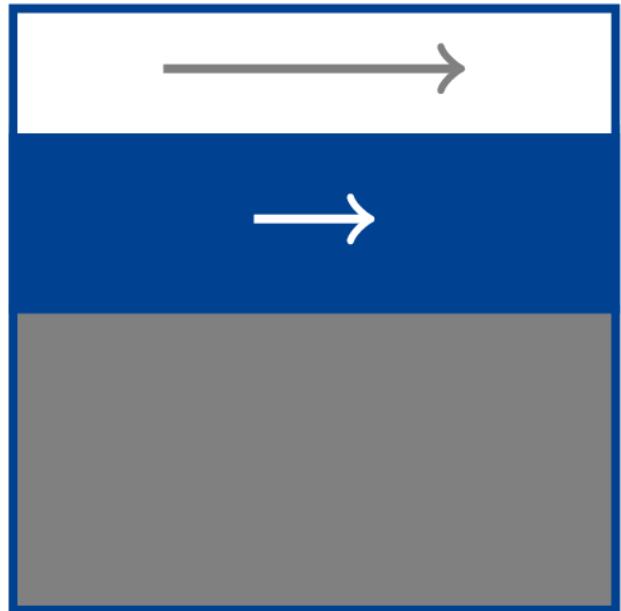
Challenges – Evaporation from a Porous Medium



Model

Porous Medium

- REV concept
- multiphase Darcy's law
- two fluid phases (gas, liquid)
- two components (air, water)
- compositional, non-isothermal
- local thermodynamic equilibrium
- p_g, S_l, T or p_g, X_g^w, T



Model

Porous Medium Equations

- mass balance
$$\sum_{\alpha \in \{l,g\}} \left\{ \phi \frac{\partial (\varrho_\alpha S_\alpha)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_\alpha \mathbf{v}_\alpha) - q_\alpha \right\} = 0$$

storage advection
- momentum balance (Darcy)
$$\frac{k_{r,\alpha}}{\nu_\alpha \varrho_\alpha} \mathbf{K} (\nabla p_\alpha - \varrho_\alpha \mathbf{g}) + \mathbf{v}_\alpha = 0$$

pressure gravity
- component mass balance
$$\sum_{\alpha \in \{l,g\}} \left\{ \phi \frac{\partial (\varrho_\alpha S_\alpha X_\alpha^\kappa)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_\alpha X_\alpha^\kappa \mathbf{v}_\alpha) - \nabla \cdot (D_{\alpha,pm}^\kappa \varrho_{\alpha,mo} M^\kappa \nabla x_\alpha^{\kappa,if}) - q_\alpha^\kappa \right\} = 0$$

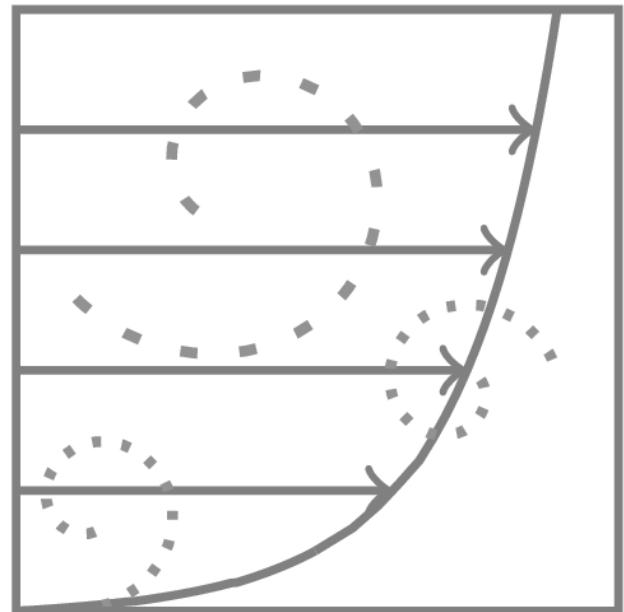
storage advection diffusion source
- energy balance
$$\sum_{\alpha \in \{l,g\}} \left\{ \phi \frac{\partial (\varrho_\alpha S_\alpha u_\alpha)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_\alpha h_\alpha \mathbf{v}_\alpha) \right\} + (1 - \phi) \frac{\partial (\varrho_s c_s T)}{\partial t} - \nabla \cdot (\lambda_{pm} \nabla T) - q^T = 0$$

storage advection storage (solid) conduction source

Model

Free Flow

- laminar / turbulent (RANS)
- single phase (gas)
- two components (air / water)
- compositional, non-isothermal
- $\text{Ma} < 0.3$
- $p_g, \mathbf{v}_g, X_g^w, T$



Model

Free Flow Equations

- mass balance

$$\frac{\partial \varrho_g}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g) = 0$$

storage advection

- momentum balance (RANS)

$$\frac{\partial (\varrho_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g^T) - \nabla \cdot ([\varrho_g \nu_g + \varrho_g \nu_{g,t}] \nabla (\bar{\mathbf{v}}_g + \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g^T)) + \nabla \bar{p}_g - \varrho_g \mathbf{g} = 0$$

storage inertia viscous eddy viscosity pressure gravity

- component mass balance

$$\frac{\partial (\varrho_g \bar{X}_g^\kappa)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_g \bar{X}_g^\kappa \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g) - \nabla \cdot ([D_g^\kappa + D_{g,t}^\kappa] \varrho_{g,\text{mol}} M^\kappa \nabla \bar{x}_g^\kappa) - q_g^\kappa = 0$$

storage advection diffusion eddy diffusion source

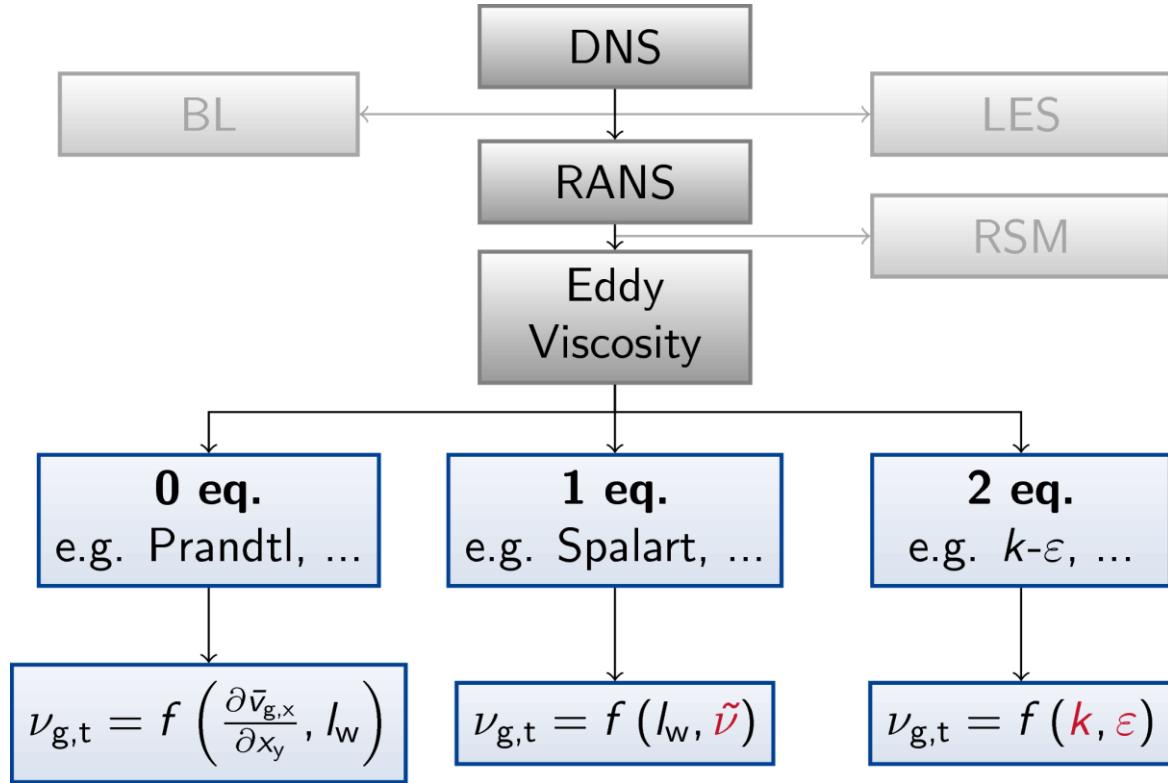
- energy balance

$$\frac{\partial (\varrho_g \bar{u}_g)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\varrho_g \bar{h}_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g) - \sum_{\kappa \in \{a,w\}} \{ \nabla \cdot (\bar{h}_g^\kappa \bar{j}_{g,ff,t,diff}^\kappa) \} - \nabla \cdot ([\lambda_g + \lambda_{g,t}] \nabla \bar{T}) - q_g^T = 0$$

storage advection $\kappa \in \{a,w\}$ (eddy-)diffusion conduction eddy conduction source

Model

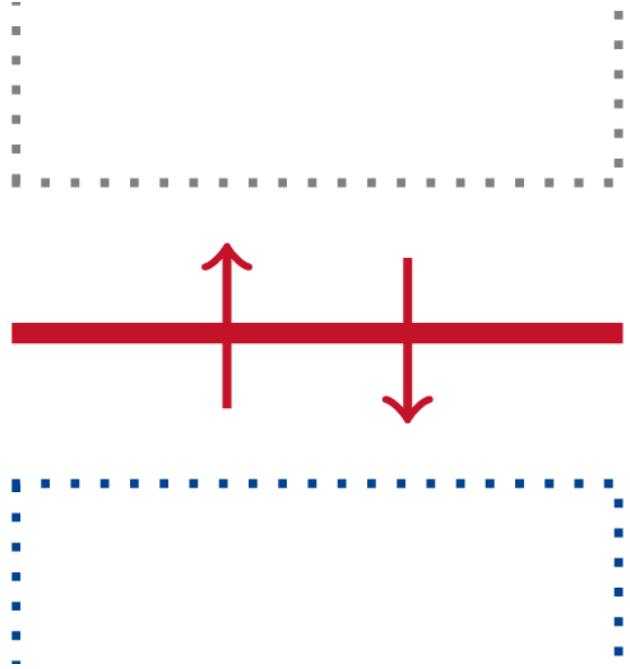
Turbulence



Model

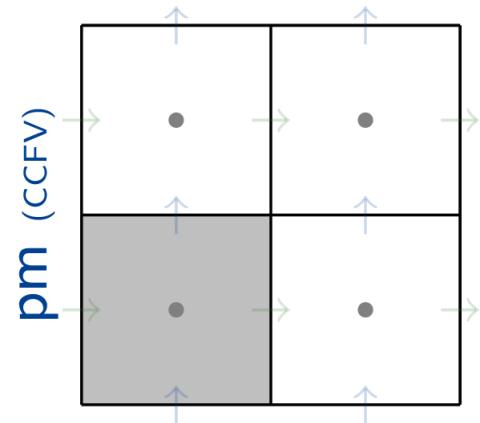
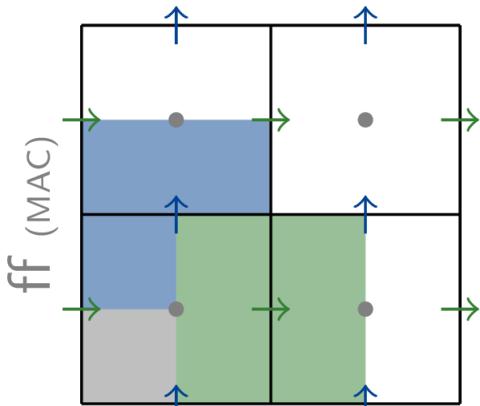
Coupling

- after [Mostaf et al. 2011, Fetzer et al. 2016]
- local thermodynamic equilibrium
- continuity of fluxes
- continuity of primary variables

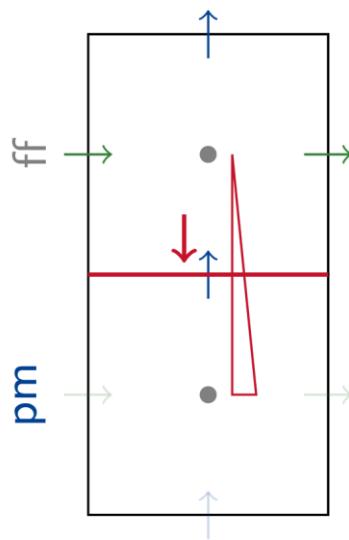


Model

Coupling Discretization



- $p, S_\alpha, X_\alpha^\kappa, T, (k, \varepsilon)$
- v_x
- ↑ v_y



$$\begin{aligned} q_n^{\text{pm}} &= q_n^{\text{ff}} \\ q_n^{\text{ff}} &= \checkmark \\ u^{\text{if}} &= \checkmark \\ \nabla u^{\text{if}} &= \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

[Grüninger, Fetzer, Flemisch, Helmig (in preparation)]

Model

Coupling Equations 1

- mass

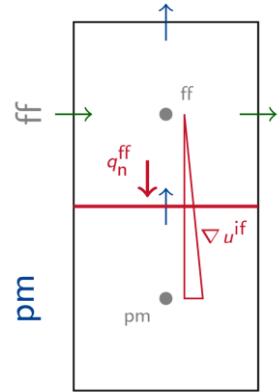
$$[(\varrho_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g) \cdot \mathbf{n}]^{ff} = - [(\varrho_g \mathbf{v}_g + \varrho_l \mathbf{v}_l) \cdot \mathbf{n}]^{pm}$$

- component mass

$$\begin{aligned} & [(\varrho_g \bar{X}_g^\kappa \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g - (D_g^\kappa + D_{g,t}^\kappa) \varrho_{g,mol} M^\kappa \nabla x_g^{\kappa,if}) \cdot \mathbf{n}]^{ff} \\ &= - [(\varrho_g X_g^\kappa \mathbf{v}_g - \mathbf{j}_{g,pm,diff}^\kappa + \varrho_l \mathbf{v}_l X_l^\kappa - \mathbf{j}_{l,pm,diff}^\kappa) \cdot \mathbf{n}]^{pm} \end{aligned}$$

- energy

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[\left(\varrho_g \bar{h}_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g - \bar{h}_g^a \bar{\mathbf{j}}_{g,ff,t,diff}^a - \bar{h}_g^w \bar{\mathbf{j}}_{g,ff,t,diff}^w - \lambda_{g,t} \nabla \bar{T}^{if} \right) \cdot \mathbf{n} \right]^{ff} \\ &= - [(\varrho_g h_g \mathbf{v}_g + \varrho_l h_l \mathbf{v}_l - \lambda_{pm} \nabla T) \cdot \mathbf{n}]^{pm} \end{aligned}$$

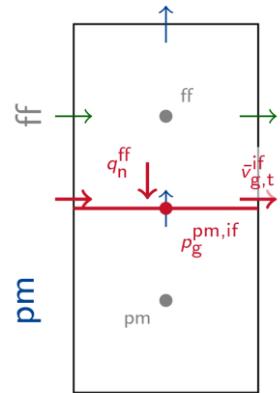


Model

Coupling Equations 2

- tangential momentum (only free flow)

$$\left[\bar{v}_{g,t}^{if} + \frac{\sqrt{K}}{\alpha_{BJ}} \frac{\bar{v}_{g,t}^{ff} - \bar{v}_{g,t}^{if}}{\mathbf{x}^{ff} - \mathbf{x}^{if}} \cdot \mathbf{n} \right]^{ff} = 0$$



- normal momentum (only free flow)

$$[(\{\varrho_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g \bar{\mathbf{v}}_g^T - \bar{\boldsymbol{\tau}}_{g,t} + \bar{p}_g \mathbf{I}\} \mathbf{n}) \cdot \mathbf{n}]^{ff} = [p_g^{if}]^{pm}$$

$$[p_g^{if}]^{pm} = \frac{[\varrho_g v_{g,n}^{if}]^{ff}}{K(k_{r,g}/\nu_g + k_{r,l}/\nu_l)} \frac{(\mathbf{x}^{if} - \mathbf{x}^{pm})}{\mathbf{n}^{pm}} + p_g^{pm}$$

Results

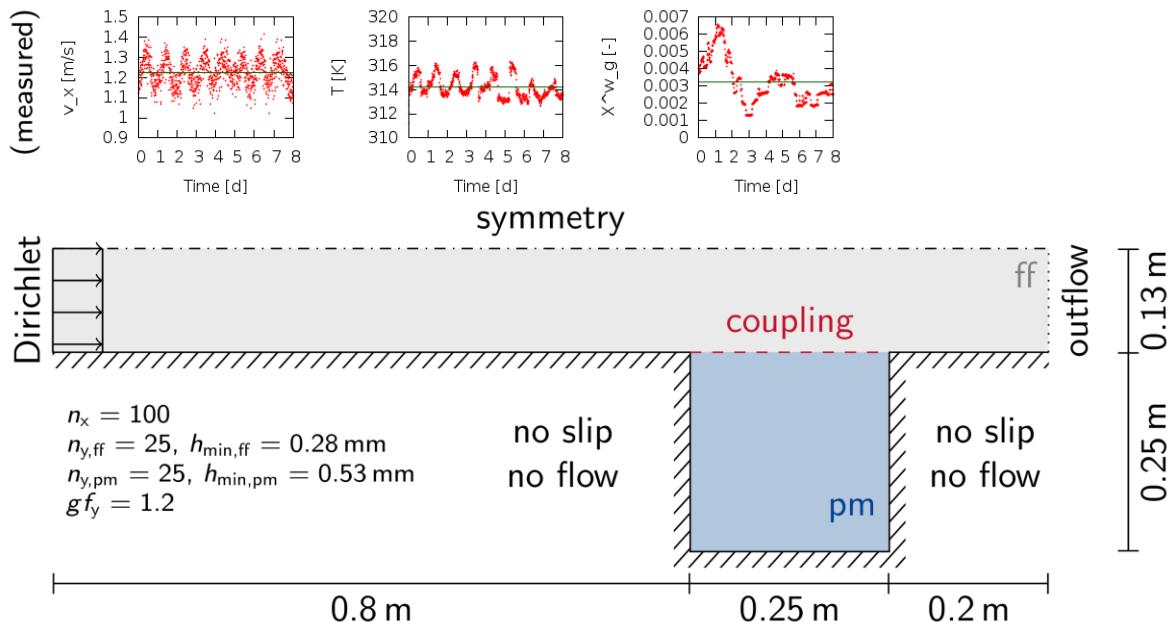
Implementation and Experimental Setup

- numerical simulator:
 - MAC / cell-centered FV
 - fully implicit, monolithic



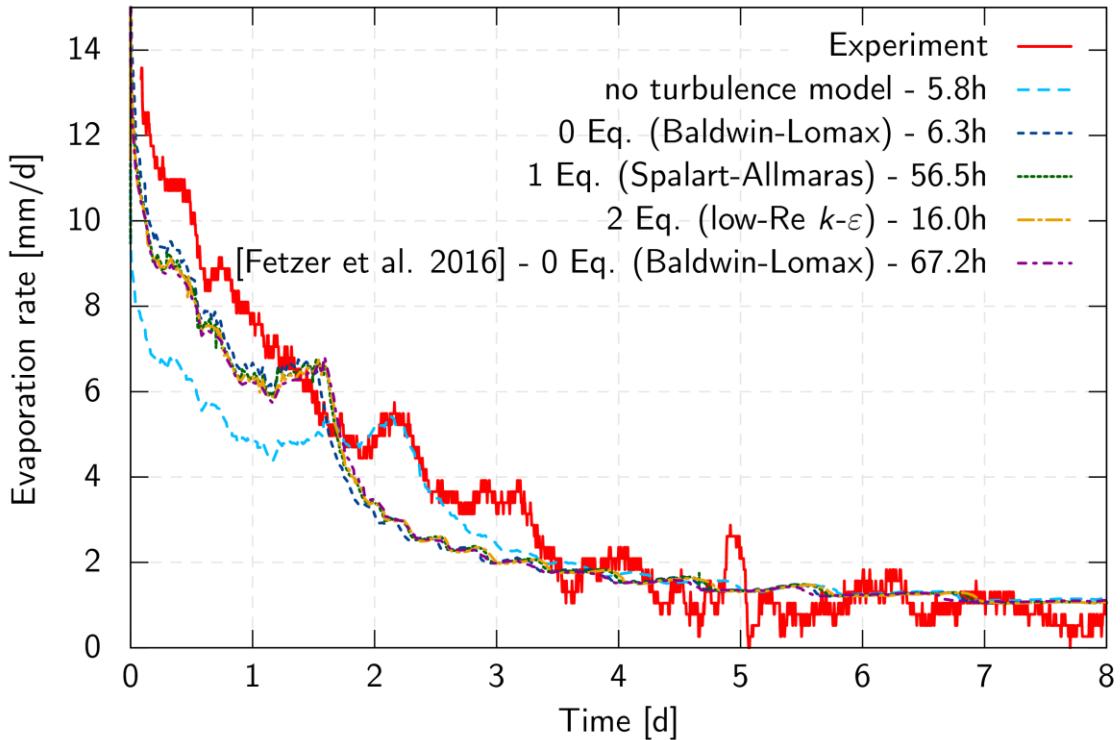
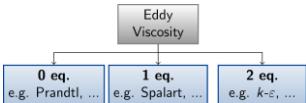
- experiments:

[Davarzani et al. 2014]



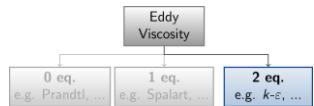
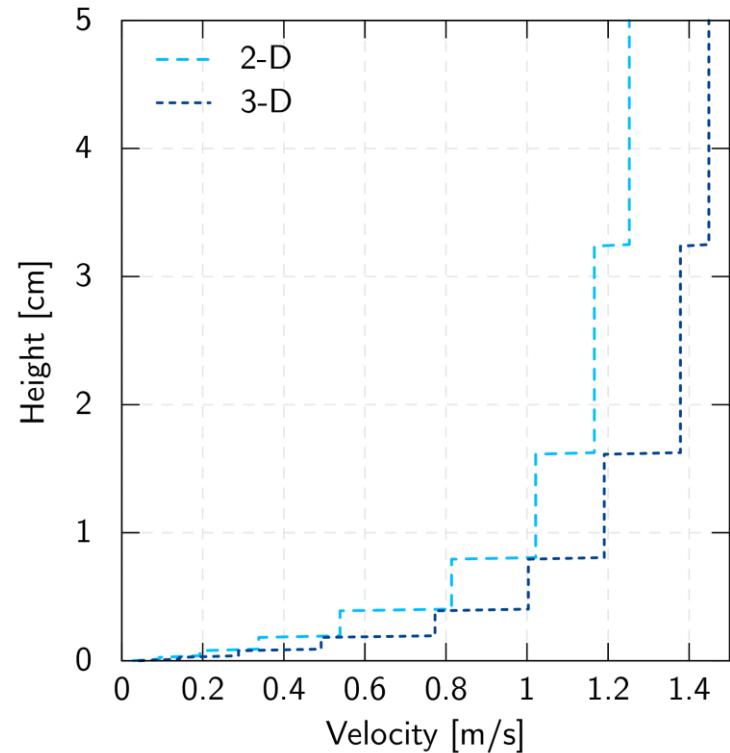
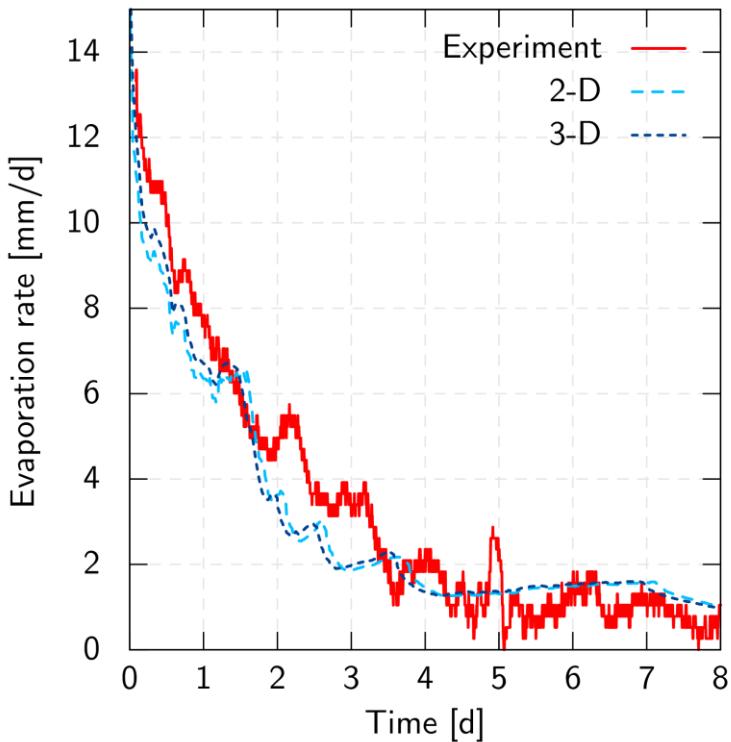
Results

Turbulence Modeling



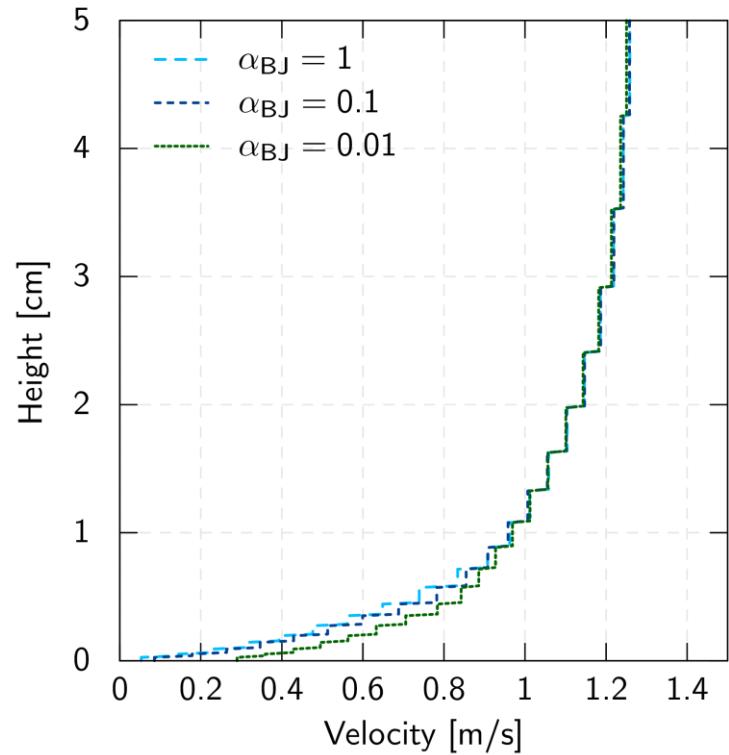
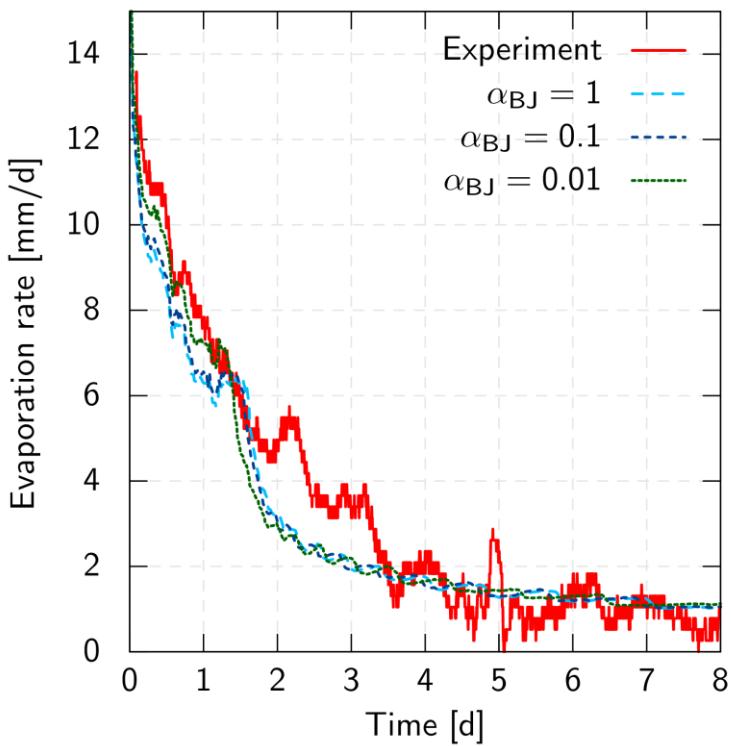
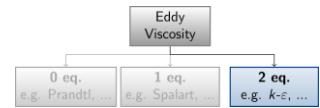
Results

2-D vs. 3-D



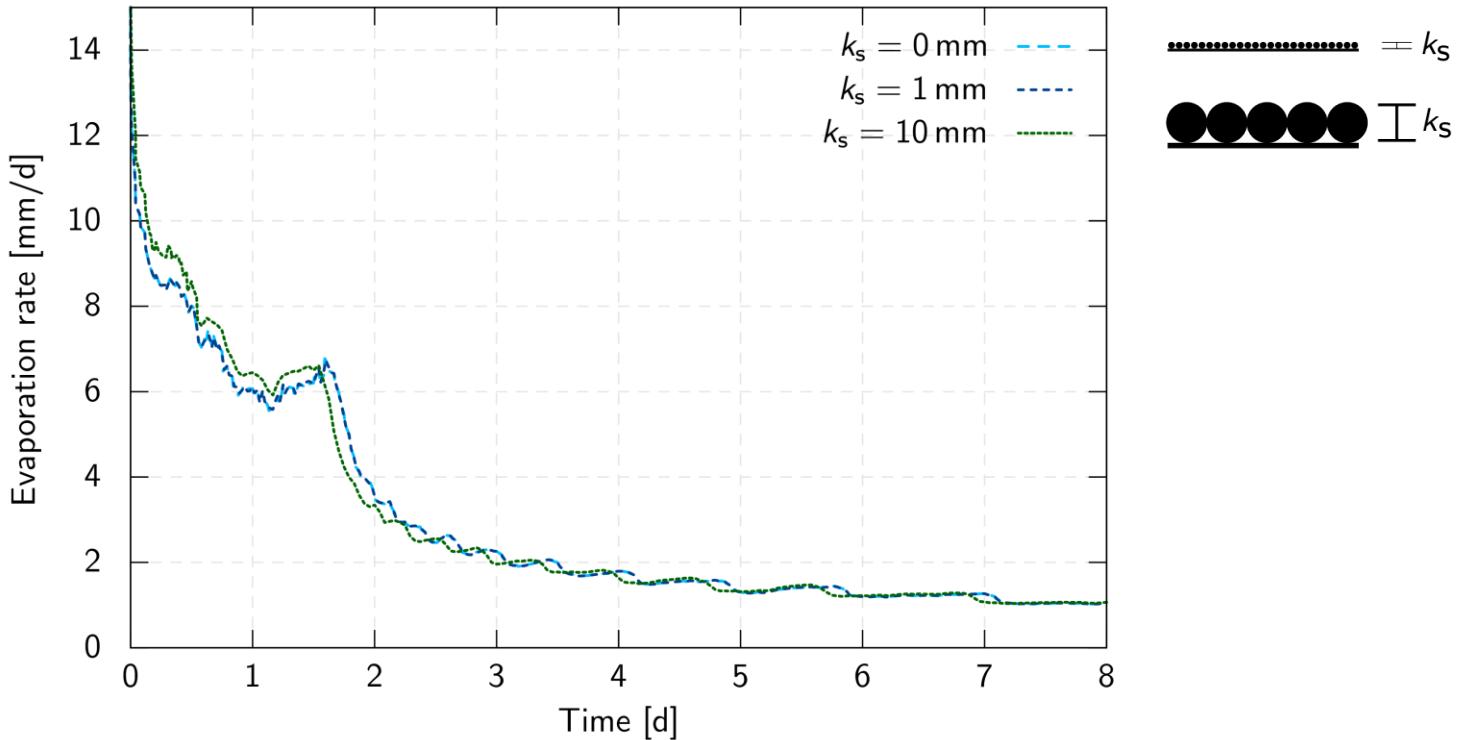
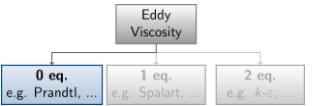
Results

Beavers-Joseph Coefficient



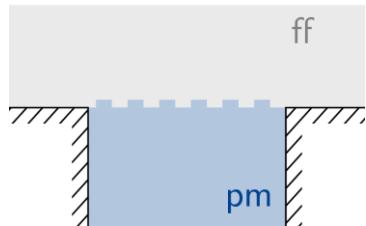
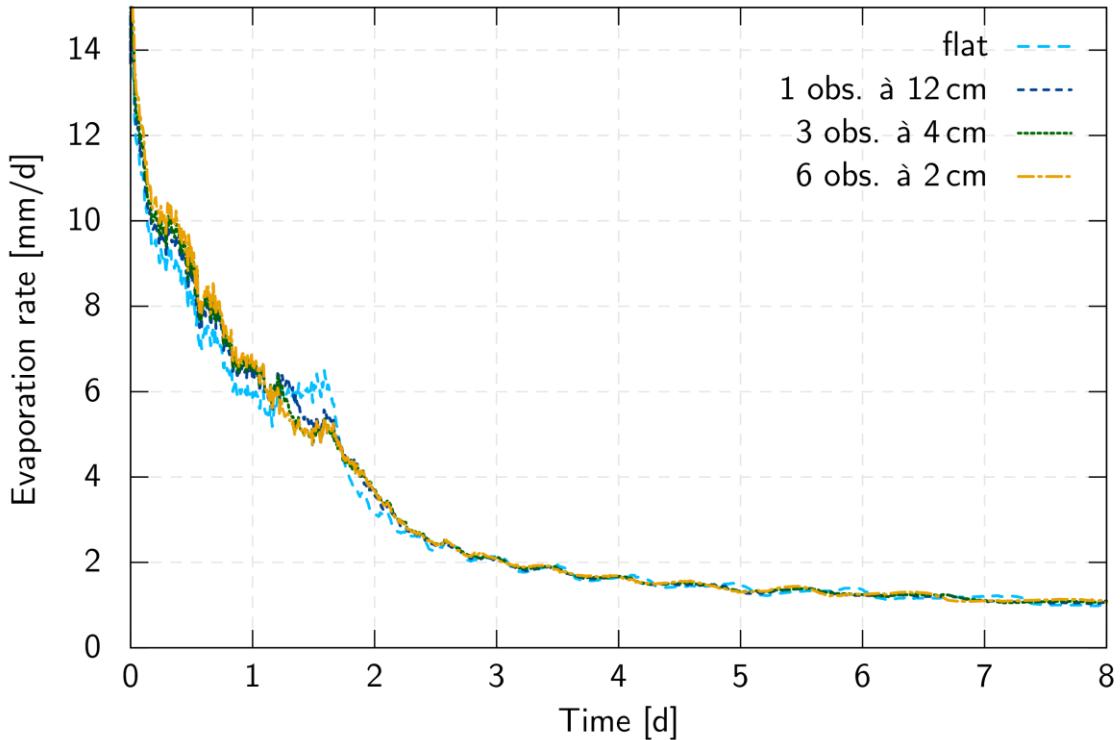
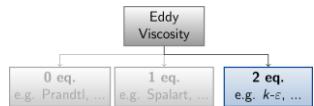
Results

Sand-Grain Roughness



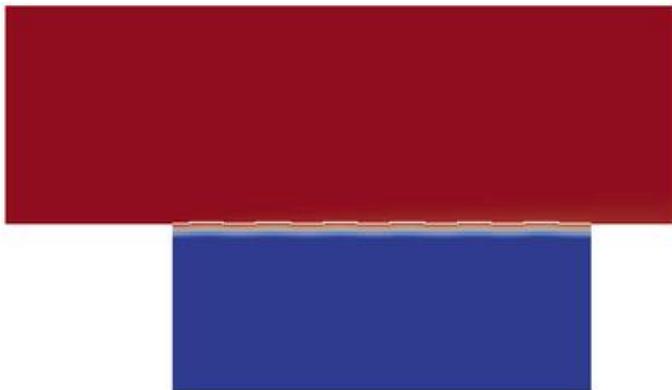
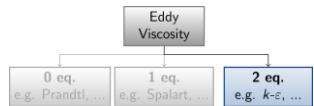
Results

Obstacles with H=10mm

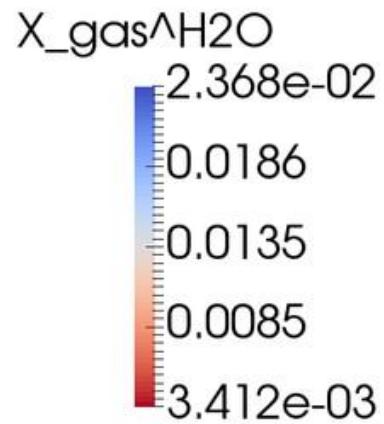
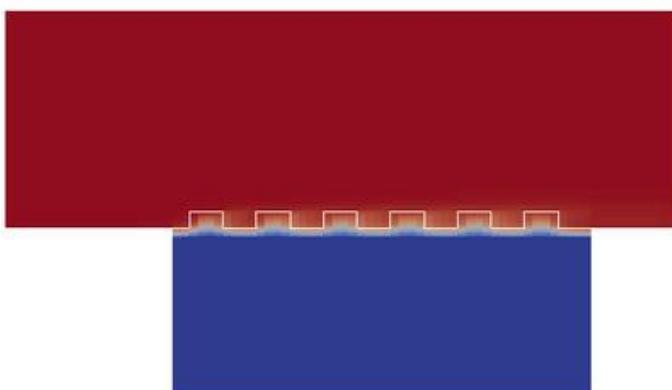


Results

Obstacles



Time: 5.0 d



Summary and Outlook

Summary

- coupling of free flow (MAC) to porous-medium flow (CCFV)
- comparison to laboratory experiments
 - turbulent models of different complexity
 - influence of interface properties

Outlook

- turbulent / barometric pumping
- Forchheimer extension to Darcy's law
- local thermodynamic non-equilibrium
- pore network model at the interface

Thank you for your attention!

- [Beavers, G. S. & Joseph, D. D. 1967] - Boundary conditions at a naturally permeable wall
Journal of Fluid Mechanics, **1967**, 30, 197-207
- [Davarzani et al. 2014] - Study of the effect of wind speed on evaporation from soil through integrated modeling of the atmospheric boundary layer and shallow subsurface
Water Resources Research, **2014**, 50, 1-20
- [Fetzer et al. 2016] - Effect of Turbulence and Roughness on Coupled Porous-Medium/Free Flow Exchange Processes
Transport in Porous Media, **2016**
- [Grüninger, Fetzer, Flemisch, Helmig (in preparation)] - Coupling DuMuX and DUNE-PDELab to investigate evaporation at the interface between Darcy and Navier-Stokes flow
- [Mosthaf et al. 2011] - A coupling concept for two-phase compositional porous-medium and single-phase compositional free flow
Water Resources Research, **2011**, 47, W10522